A OVERVIEW OF THE QUALITATIVE INTERVIEWS

A.1 Interview after each VR Exposure

Appearanceof the Virtual Human

- 1. How did you feel about the interaction with the virtual human?
 - (a) What was the reasonfor it?
 - (b) Were these feelings more pleasant or unpleasant?

Recognition of Appearance and Body Shape

- 1. What similarities did you notice between you and the virtual human?
 - (a) What was the reasonfor it?
 - (b) Were these feelings more pleasant or unpleasant?

Uncanninessof the Virtual Human and VR Setting

1. To what extent did you find the virtual human uncanny? If yes, why?

Self-Attribution towards the Virtual Human

- 1. To what extent did you identify yourself with the virtual human?
 - (a) What was the reasonfor it?
 - (b) Was the identification more positive or negative?
 - (c) Only askin the embodiment condition: To what extent did it influence that the virtual human mirrored your movements?
 - (d) Only ask in the non-embodiment condition: To what extent did it influence that the virtual human moved independently of you?
- 2. Did you have the feeling that you were facing yourself during your interaction with the virtual human?
 - (a) What was the reasonfor it?
 - (b) Were your feelings more pleasant or unpleasant?
 - (c) Only askin the embodiment condition: To what extent did it influence that the virtual human mirrored your movements?
 - (d) Only ask in the non-embodiment condition: To what extent did it influence that the virtual human moved independently of you?

Body weight estimation of the virtual human

- 1. Did you find it rather easyor rather difficult to estimate the weight of the virtual human when it changed without your intervention?
 - (a) What was the reason?
 - (b) Only askin the embodiment condition: To what extent did it influence that the virtual human mirrored your movements?
 - (c) Only ask in the non-embodiment condition: To what extent did it influence that the virtual human moved independently of you?
- 2. Did you find it rather easyor rather difficult to modify the virtual human to the given weight?
 - (a) What was the reason?
 - (b) Only askin the embodiment condition: To what extent did it influence that the virtual human mirrored your movements?
 - (c) Only ask in the non-embodiment condition: To what extent did it influence that the virtual human moved independently of you?

Questions about the (physical) experience and the VR experience

- Were there any body parts of your physical body that you paid special attention to while assessingtheweight of the virtual human?
- 2. Were there any body parts of your physical body that you paid special attention to while you were actively changing the weight of the virtual human?

A.2 Final Interview after both VR Exposures

- 1. Do you draw any direct consequences of this experience?
- 2. Did you leave either VR exposure with negative feelings?

Table 5: Calculated tests for each experimental condition as well as p-values of the main and interaction effects (ME and IE) of the MANOVA models. E and NE label the embodiment factor, P and NP the personalization factor. Statistical significance indicators: *p < 0.05; *p < 0.01; *p < 0.001.

	MANOVA Test Statistics ME E	MANOVA Test Statistics ME P	MANOVA Test Statistics IE
Senseof Embodiment			
pESQVBO VEQ VBO	MATS= 27.854, p < .001 [‡]	MATS= 15.470, p < .001 [‡]	MATS= 0.491, p = .568
pESQ AG VEQ AG	MATS= 355.425, p < .001 [‡]	MATS= 4.657, p < .001 [‡]	MATS= 1.454, p = .237
pESQ SL VEQ+ SL	<i>MATS</i> = 53.690, <i>p</i> < .001 [‡]	<i>MATS</i> = 13.699, <i>p</i> < .001 [‡]	MATS= 0.400, p = .712

Table 6: Calculated tests for each experimental condition as well as p-values of the main an**i**theraction effects (ME and IE) of the ANOVA models. E and NE label the embodiment factor, P and NP the personalization factor. Statistical significance indicators p < 0.05; $^{\dagger}p < 0.01$; $^{\dagger}p < 0.01$.

	ANOVA Test Statistics ME E	ANOVA Test Statistics ME P	ANOVA Test Statistics IE
Senseof Embodiment			
pESQVBO	F(1,58) = 2.140, p = .149	$F(1,58) = 4.581, p = .037^*$	-
VEQ VBO	$F(1,58) = 15.589, p < .001^{\ddagger}$	$F(1,58) = 30.232, p < .001^{\ddagger}$	-
pESQAG	$F(1,58) = 50.484, p < .001^{\ddagger}$	F(1,58) = 1.496, p = .226	-
VEQ AG	$F(1,58) = 155.204, p < .001^{\ddagger}$	$F(1,58) = 12.659, p < .001^{\ddagger}$	-
pESQ SL	$F(1,58) = 13.646, p < .001^{\ddagger}$	$F(1,58) = 21.087, p < .001^{\ddagger}$	-
VEQ+ SL	$F(1,58) = 20.175, p < .001^{\ddagger}$	$F(1,58) = 11.197, p = .001^{\ddagger}$	-
Self-Identification			
VEQ+ SA	F(1,58) = 20.316,p < .001 [‡]	$F(1,58) = 69.614, p < .001^{\ddagger}$	F(1,58) = 0.313, p = .578
VEQ+ SS	F(1,58) = 1.478, p = .229	$F(1,58) = 75.342, p < .001^{\ddagger}$	F(1,58) = 0.096, p = .758
Body Weight Perception in PET			
Misestimation \overline{M} in %	F(1,58) = 0.097, p = .757	F(1,58) = 0.660, p = .420	F(1,58) = 0.710, p = .403
Misestimation A in %	F(1,58) = 0.055, p = .815	$F(1,58) = 5.993, p = .017^*$	F(1,58) = 3.378, p = .071
Body Weight Perception in AMT			
Current Body Weight in %	$F(1,58) = 10.561, p = .002^{\dagger}$	F(1,58) = 0.865, p = .356	F(1,58) = 0.933, p = .323
Ideal Body Weight in %	F(1,58) = 0.073, p = .788	F(1,58) = 3.369, p = .072	F(1,58) = 0.102, p = .750

Table 7: Calculated moderation for each detected correlation with the participant's BMI as the independent variable (predictor), the body weight estimation variable as the dependent variable (criterion), and the factors personalization and embodiment as moderator variables. E and NE label the embodiment factor, P and NP the personalization factor.

Criterion	Moderation Test Statistics (Moderator: Embodiment)	Moderation Test Statistics (Moderator: Personalization)
PET M	b = -0.19, SE = 0.35, t = -0.55, p = .582	<i>b</i> = 0.18, <i>SE</i> = 0.35, <i>t</i> = 0.52, <i>p</i> = .607
AMT current	b = -0.34, SE = 0.45, t = -0.76, p = .449	<i>b</i> = 0.35, <i>SE</i> = 0.44, <i>t</i> = 0.79, <i>p</i> = .569
AMT ideal	b = -0.22, SE = 0.57, t = -0.39, p = .694	<i>b</i> = 0.13, <i>SE</i> = 0.56, <i>t</i> = 0.23, <i>p</i> = .822